

Computer Science (083)

Session -

PRACTICAL FILE



SUBMITTED TO :-

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1.TO CAPITALISE 1 LETTER OF EACH WORD

Code:

```
# 1. Program to capitalise 1st letter of each word of a string:

str=input("Enter the string :")
l=len(str)
a=0
end=l
str2=""
while a<l:
    if a==0:
        str2+=str[0].upper()
        a+=1
    elif str[a]==" " and str[a+1]!=" ":
        str2+=str[a]
        str2+=str[a+1].upper()
        a+=2
    else:
        str2+=str[a]
        a+=1
print("Original string is :", str)
print("Capitalised string is :", str2)
```

OUTPUT:

```
Python 3.7.4 Shell
File Edit Shell Debug Options Window Help
Python 3.7.4 (tags/v3.7.4:e09359112e, Jul 8 2019, 19:29:22) [MSC v.1916 32 bit (Intel)] on win32
Type "help", "copyright", "credits" or "license()" for more information.
>>>
===== RESTART: C:\Users\asus\Desktop\Practical file.py =====
Enter the string :welcome to python programming
Original string is : welcome to python programming
Capitalised string is : Welcome To Python Programming
>>> |
```

2.PALINDROME BY RECURSION

Code:

```
def Palin(str,s,e):
    if s==e:
        return True
    elif s!=e:
        return False
    else:
        return Palin(str,s+1,e-1)
        return True

str=input("Enter the string to be checked :")
s=str[0]
e=str[-1]
a=Palin(str,s,e)
l=len(str)
for i in range(0,l):
    i-=1
    if str[i]==str[l]:
        print(str, "is palindrome")
    else:
        print(str, "is not Palindrome")
```

OUTPUT:

```
Python 3.7.4 Shell
File Edit Shell Debug Options Window Help
Python 3.7.4 (tags/v3.7.4:e09359112e, Jul 8 2019, 19:29:22) [MSC v.1916 32 bit (IA
Type "help", "copyright", "credits" or "license()" for more information.
>>>
===== RESTART: C:\Users\asus\Desktop\Practical file.py =====
Enter the string to be checked :madam
madam is palindrome
madam is palindrome
madam is palindrome
madam is palindrome
madam is palindrome
>>> |
```

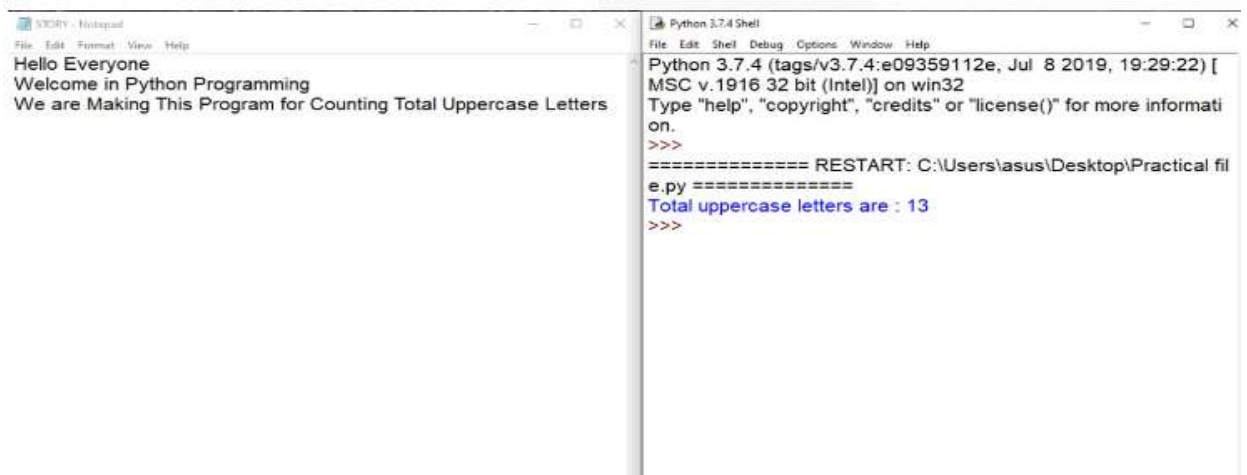

3.COUNT TOTAL UPPERCASE LETTERS IN A FILE

Code:

```
# 3. Program to count the total no. of uppercase letters
def upper():
    file=open("STORY.txt","w")
    file.write("Hello Everyone")
    file.write("\n")
    file.write("Welcome in Python Programming")
    file.write("\n")
    file.write("We are Making This Program for Counting Total Uppercase Letters")
    file=open("STORY.txt","r")
    data=file.read()
    count=0
    for i in data:
        if i.isupper():
            count+=1
        else:
            pass
    print("Total uppercase letters are :",count)

    file.close()
upper()
```

OUTPUT:



The image shows two windows side-by-side. The left window is Notepad, titled 'STORY - Notepad', containing the text: 'Hello Everyone', 'Welcome in Python Programming', and 'We are Making This Program for Counting Total Uppercase Letters'. The right window is a Python 3.7.4 Shell, titled 'Python 3.7.4 Shell', showing the output of a Python script. The output includes the Python version and build information, followed by a restart message and the final result: 'Total uppercase letters are : 13'.

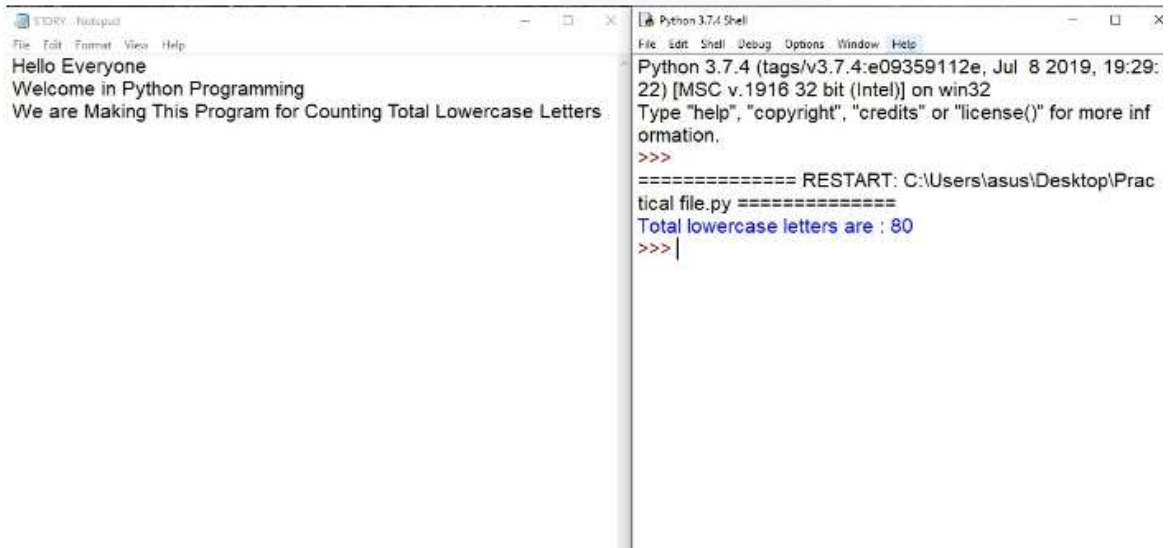
```
Python 3.7.4 (tags/v3.7.4:e09359112e, Jul 8 2019, 19:29:22) [
MSC v.1916 32 bit (Intel)] on win32
Type "help", "copyright", "credits" or "license()" for more informati
on.
>>>
===== RESTART: C:\Users\asus\Desktop\Practical fil
e.py =====
Total uppercase letters are : 13
>>>
```

4.COUNT TOTAL LOWERCASE LETTERS IN A FILE

Code:

```
# 4. Program to count the total no. of lowercase letters
def lower():
    file=open("STORY.txt","w")
    file.write("Hello Everyone")
    file.write("\n")
    file.write("Welcome in Python Programming")
    file.write("\n")
    file.write("We are Making This Program for Counting Total Lowercase Letters")
    file=open("STORY.txt","r")
    data=file.read()
    count=0
    for i in data:
        if i.islower():
            count+=1
        else:
            pass
    print("Total lowercase letters are :",count)
    file.close()
lower()
```

OUTPUT:



The image shows two overlapping windows. The left window is Notepad, displaying the following text:

```
EDDY - Notepad
File Edit Format View Help
Hello Everyone
Welcome in Python Programming
We are Making This Program for Counting Total Lowercase Letters
```

The right window is a Python 3.7.4 Shell, displaying the following output:

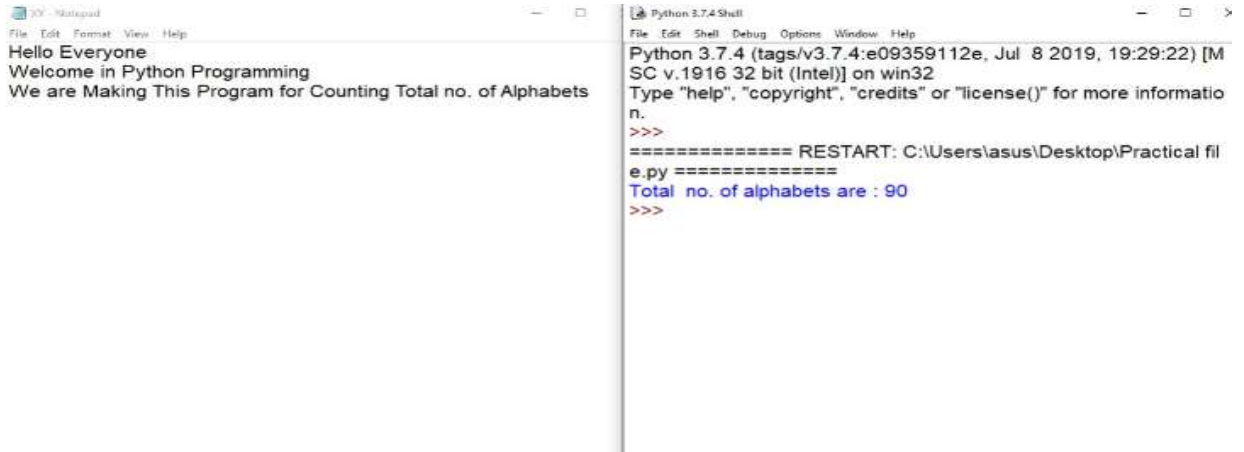
```
Python 3.7.4 (tags/v3.7.4:e09359112e, Jul 8 2019, 19:29:
22) [MSC v.1916 32 bit (Intel)] on win32
Type "help", "copyright", "credits" or "license()" for more inf
ormation.
>>>
===== RESTART: C:\Users\asus\Desktop\Prac
tical file.py =====
Total lowercase letters are : 80
>>> |
```

5.COUNT TOTAL NO. OF ALPHABETS IN A FILE

Code:

```
# 5. Program to count total no. of alphabets in a file
def alpha():
    file=open("XY.txt","w")
    file.write("Hello Everyone")
    file.write("\n")
    file.write("Welcome in Python Programming")
    file.write("\n")
    file.write("We are Making This Program for Counting Total no. of Alphabets")
    file=open("XY.txt","r")
    data=file.read()
    count=0
    for i in data:
        if i.isalpha():
            count+=1
        else:
            pass
    print("Total no. of alphabets are :",count)
    file.close()
alpha()
```

OUTPUT:



The image shows two windows side-by-side. The left window is Notepad, containing the text: "Hello Everyone", "Welcome in Python Programming", and "We are Making This Program for Counting Total no. of Alphabets". The right window is Python 3.7.4 Shell, showing the execution of a script. The output is "Total no. of alphabets are : 90".

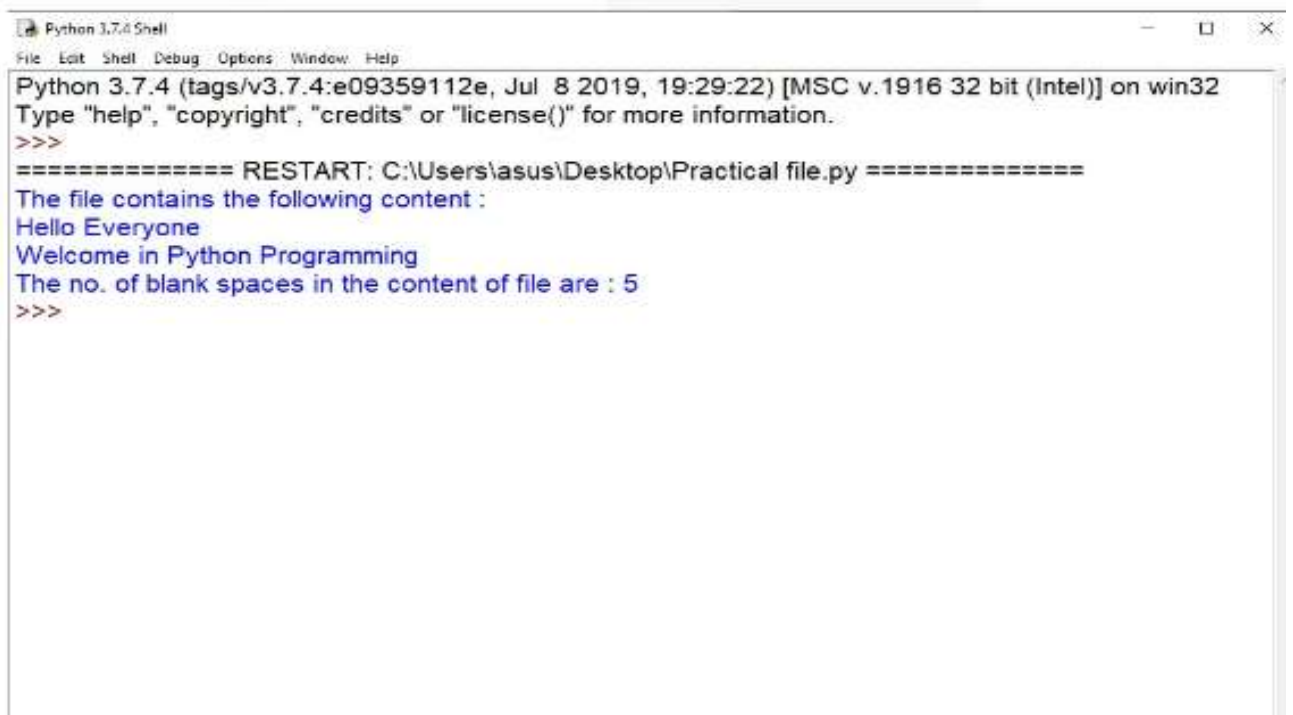
```
Python 3.7.4 Shell
File Edit Shell Debug Options Window Help
Python 3.7.4 (tags/v3.7.4:e09359112e, Jul 8 2019, 19:29:22) [M
SC v.1916 32 bit (Intel)] on win32
Type "help", "copyright", "credits" or "license()" for more informatio
n.
>>>
===== RESTART: C:\Users\asus\Desktop\Practical fil
e.py =====
Total no. of alphabets are : 90
>>>
```

6.TO COUNT AND DISPLAY THE TOTAL NO. OF SPACES IN A FILE

Code:

```
# 6.Program to read the file and count, display the no. of spaces in file
def count():
    file=open("JOKE.txt","w")
    file.write("Hello Everyone")
    file.write("\n")
    file.write("Welcome in Python Programming")
    file=open("JOKE.txt","r")
    x=file.read()
    print("The file contains the following content :")
    print(x)
    count=0
    for i in x:
        if i == " " or i.isspace():
            count+=1
        else:
            pass
    print("The no. of blank spaces in the content of file are :", count)
    file.close()
count()
```

OUTPUT:



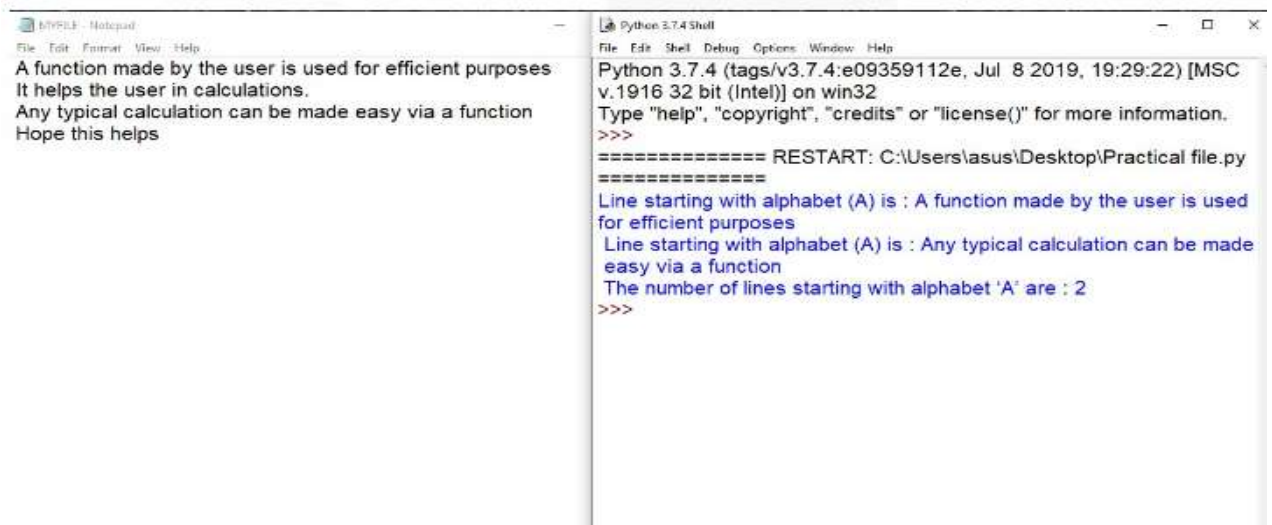
```
Python 3.7.4 Shell
File Edit Shell Debug Options Window Help
Python 3.7.4 (tags/v3.7.4:e09359112e, Jul 8 2019, 19:29:22) [MSC v.1916 32 bit (Intel)] on win32
Type "help", "copyright", "credits" or "license()" for more information.
>>>
===== RESTART: C:\Users\asus\Desktop\Practical file.py =====
The file contains the following content :
Hello Everyone
Welcome in Python Programming
The no. of blank spaces in the content of file are : 5
>>>
```


7.TO COUNT AND DISPLAY THE NO. OF LINES STARTING WITH 'A'

Code:

```
# 7. Program to count and display the number of lines starting with alphabet 'A'
def count_Alines():
    file=open("MYFILE.txt","w")
    file.write("A function made by the user is used for efficient purposes")
    file.write("\n")
    file.write("It helps the user in calculations.")
    file.write("\n")
    file.write("Any typical calculation can be made easy via a function ")
    file.write("\n")
    file.write("Hope this helps")
    file=open("MYFILE.txt","r")
    w=file.readline()
    x=file.readline()
    y=file.readline()
    z=file.readline()
    count=0
    for i in w,x,y,z:
        if i[0]=='A':
            count+=1
            print("Line starting with alphabet (A) is :",i, end=" ")
        else:
            pass
    print("The number of lines starting with alphabet 'A' are :", count, )
    file.close()
count_Alines()
```

OUTPUT:



The image shows two windows side-by-side. The left window is a Notepad application titled 'MYFILE - Notepad'. It contains the following text:

```
A function made by the user is used for efficient purposes  
It helps the user in calculations.  
Any typical calculation can be made easy via a function  
Hope this helps
```

The right window is a Python 3.7.4 Shell titled 'Python 3.7.4 Shell'. It shows the execution of a Python script. The output is as follows:

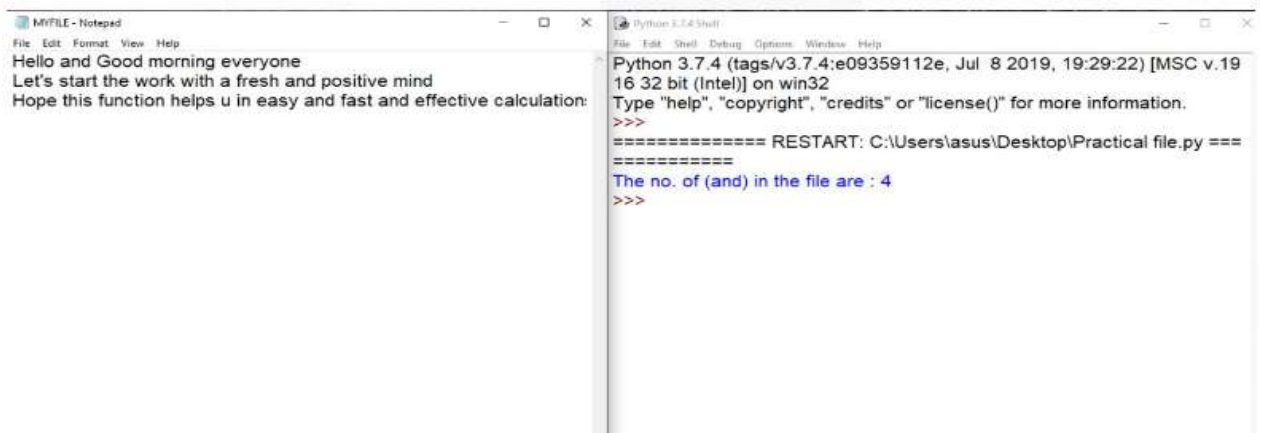
```
Python 3.7.4 (tags/v3.7.4:e09359112e, Jul 8 2019, 19:29:22) [MSC  
v.1916 32 bit (Intel)] on win32  
Type "help", "copyright", "credits" or "license()" for more information.  
>>>  
===== RESTART: C:\Users\lasus\Desktop\Practical file.py  
=====  
Line starting with alphabet (A) is : A function made by the user is used  
for efficient purposes  
Line starting with alphabet (A) is : Any typical calculation can be made  
easy via a function  
The number of lines starting with alphabet 'A' are : 2  
>>>
```

8.TO COUNT THE WORD 'AND' IN A FILE

Code:

```
def count_and():
    file=open("myfile.txt","w")
    file.write("Hello and Good morning everyone")
    file.write("\n")
    file.write("Let's start the work with a fresh and positive mind")
    file.write("\n")
    file.write("Hope this function helps u in easy and fast and effective calculations")
    file.write("\n")
    file=open("myfile.txt","r")
    y=file.read()
    count=0
    for i in range(0,len(y)):
        if y[i]=="a" and y[i+1]=="n" and y[i+2]=="d":
            count=count + 1
    print("The no. of (and) in the file are :", count)
    file.close()
```

OUTPUT:



The image shows two overlapping windows. The left window is titled 'MYFILE - Notepad' and contains the following text:

```
File Edit Format View Help
Hello and Good morning everyone
Let's start the work with a fresh and positive mind
Hope this function helps u in easy and fast and effective calculation:
```

The right window is titled 'Python 3.7.4 Shell' and shows the execution of a Python script. The output is as follows:

```
Python 3.7.4 (tags/v3.7.4:e09359112e, Jul 8 2019, 19:29:22) [MSC v.1916 32 bit (Intel)] on win32
Type "help", "copyright", "credits" or "license()" for more information.
>>>
===== RESTART: C:\Users\asus\Desktop\Practical file.py =====
>>>
The no. of (and) in the file are : 4
>>>
```

9.TO WRITE CHARACTERS INTO A FILE UNTIL '#' IS ENTERED

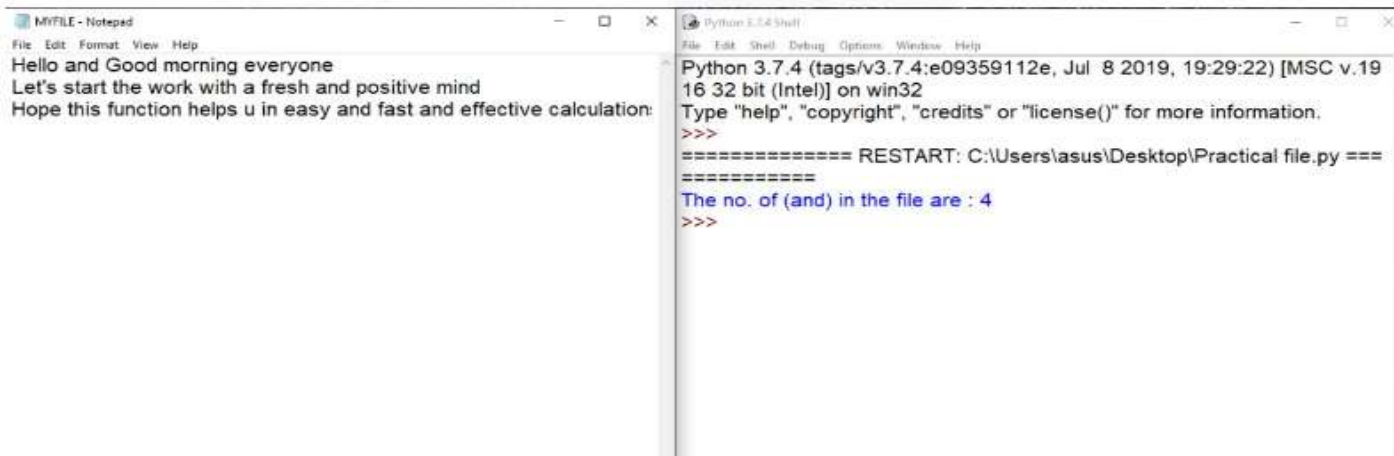
Code:

practical 11e.py - C:\Users\asus\Desktop\practical 11e.py (2.7.4)

File Edit Format Run Options Window Help

```
# 9. Program to write the characters entered through the keyboard into the file , until a '#' character is entered
file=open("myfile.txt","a")
x=input("Enter a character :")
file.write(x)
while x!="#":
    x=input("Enter a character :")
    file.write(x)
if x=="#":
    print("The characters will terminate now")
file.close()
```

OUTPUT:



The image shows two windows side-by-side. The left window is titled 'MYFILE - Notepad' and contains the following text:

```
File Edit Format View Help
Hello and Good morning everyone
Let's start the work with a fresh and positive mind
Hope this function helps u in easy and fast and effective calculation:
```

The right window is titled 'Python 3.7.4 Shell' and shows the following output:

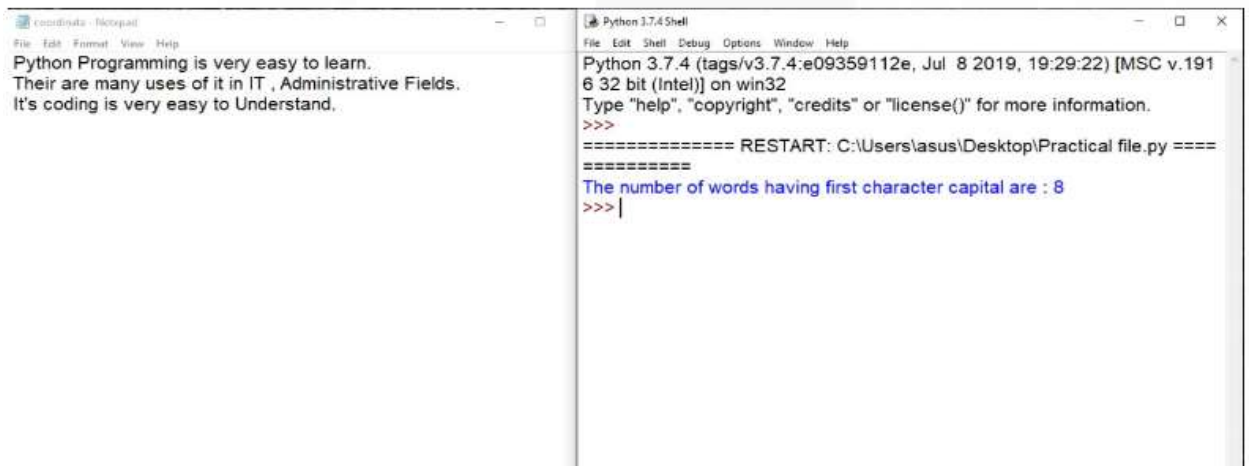
```
File Edit Shell Debug Options Window Help
Python 3.7.4 (tags/v3.7.4:e09359112e, Jul 8 2019, 19:29:22) [MSC v.1916 32 bit (Intel)] on win32
Type "help", "copyright", "credits" or "license()" for more information.
>>>
===== RESTART: C:\Users\asus\Desktop\Practical file.py =====
>>> The no. of (and) in the file are : 4
>>>
```

10.TO COUNT THE WORDS HAVING FIRST CHARACTER CAPITAL

Code:

```
# 10. Program to count the number of words having first character capital
def chr_cap():
    file=open("coordinate.txt","r")
    y=file.read()
    x=y.split()
    count=0
    for i in range(0,len(x)):
        if x[i][0].isupper():
            count+=1
    print("The number of words having first character capital are :", count)
    file.close()
chr_cap()
```

OUTPUT:



The image shows two windows side-by-side. The left window is Notepad, containing the text: "Python Programming is very easy to learn. Their are many uses of it in IT , Administrative Fields. It's coding is very easy to Understand, .". The right window is the Python 3.7.4 Shell, showing the execution of a script. The output is: "The number of words having first character capital are : 8".

```
Python 3.7.4 Shell
Python 3.7.4 (tags/v3.7.4:e09359112e, Jul 8 2019, 19:29:22) [MSC v.191
6 32 bit (Intel)] on win32
Type "help", "copyright", "credits" or "license()" for more information.
>>>
===== RESTART: C:\Users\iasus\Desktop\Practical file.py =====
>>> The number of words having first character capital are : 8
>>> |
```


11.TO COUNT AND DISPLAY NO. OF LINES NOT STARTING WITH 'A'

Code:

```
Practical file.py - C:\Users\anur\Desktop\Practical file.py (3.7.4)
File Edit Format Run Options Window Help
# 11. Program to count and display the number of lines not starting with alphabet 'A'
def count_not_Alines():
    file=open("PARA.txt","w")
    file.write("A function made by the user is used for efficient purposes")
    file.write("\n")
    file.write("It helps the user in calculations.")
    file.write("\n")
    file.write("Any typical can be made easy via a function ")
    file.write("\n")
    file.write("Thankyou all")
    file.write("\n")
    file.write("It is very easy")
    file=open("PARA.txt","r")
    w=file.readline()
    x=file.readline()
    y=file.readline()
    z=file.readline()
    count=0
    for i in w,x,y,z:
        if i[0]!='A':
            count+=1
            print("Line not starting with alphbet (A) is :", i, end=" ")
        else:
            pass
    print("\n")
    print("The number of lines not starting with alphabet 'A' are :", count)
    file.close()
count_not_Alines()
```

```

for i in w,x,y,z:
    if i[0]!='A':
        count+=1
        print("Line not starting with alphbet (A) is :", i, end=" ")
    else:
        pass
print("\n")
print("The number of lines not starting with alphabet 'A' are :", count)
file.close()
count_not_Alines()

```

OUTPUT:

The screenshot shows a Python 3.7.4 Shell window with the following output:

```

Python 3.7.4 (tags/v3.7.4:e09359112e, Jul 8 2019, 19:29:22) [MSC v.1
916 32 bit (Intel)] on win32
Type "help", "copyright", "credits" or "license()" for more information.
>>>
===== RESTART: C:\Users\lasus\Desktop\Practical file.py ==
=====
Line not starting with alphbet (A) is : It helps the user in calculations.
Line not starting with alphbet (A) is : Thankyou all

The number of lines not starting with alphabet 'A' are : 2
>>>

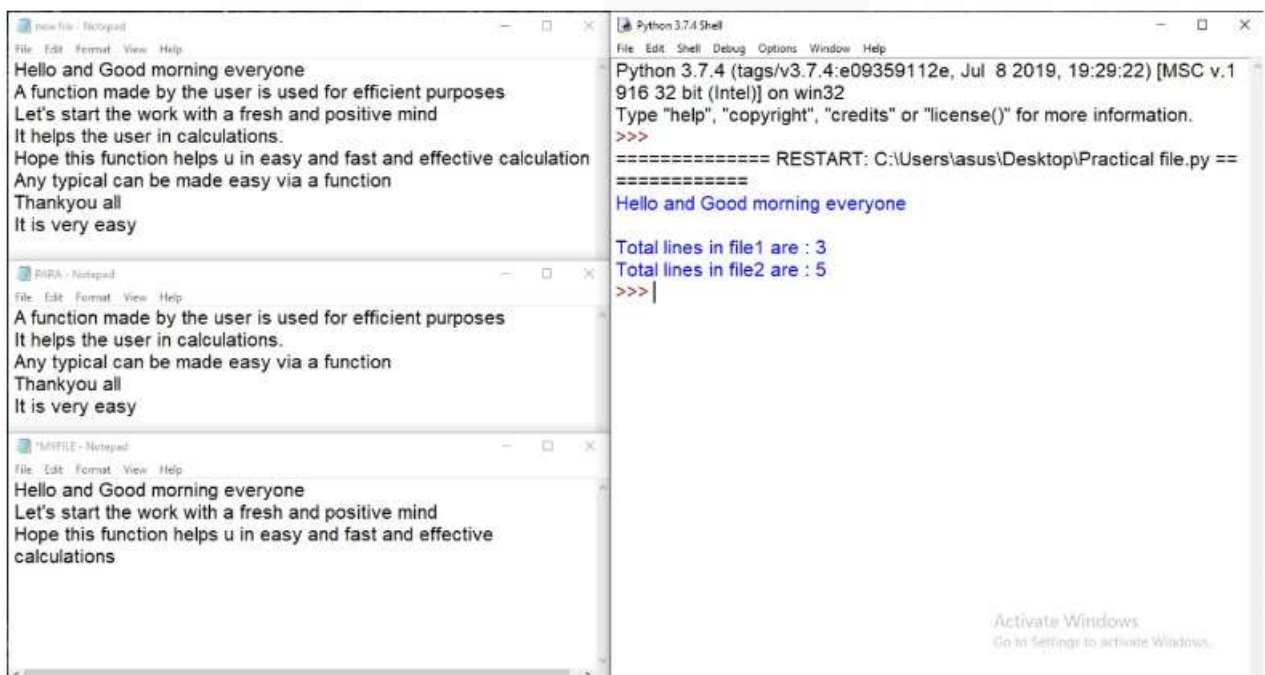
```

12.TO MERGE ALTERNATIVE LINES OF TWO FILES

Code:

```
Practical file.py - C:\Users\asus\Desktop\Practical file.py (5.7 kb)
File Edit Format Run Options Window Help
# 12. Program to merge alternative lines of two file in new file
def merge():
    file1=open("myfile.txt","r")
    file2=open("PARA.txt","r")
    file3=open("new file.txt","w")
    x=file1.readlines()
    print(x[0])
    print("Total lines in file1 are :",len(x))
    y=file2.readlines()
    print("Total lines in file2 are :",len(y))
    if len(x)<len(y):
        a=len(y)-len(x)
        for i in range(0,len(x)):
            file3.write(x[i])
            file3.write(y[i])
        for j in range(0,a):
            file3.write(y[len(x)+j])
    else:
        if len(x)>len(y):
            a=len(x)-len(y)
            for i in range(0,len(y)):
                file3.write(x[i])
                file3.write(y[i])
            for j in range(0,a):
                file3.write(x[len(x)+j])
    file1.close()
    file2.close()
    file3.close()
```

OUTPUT:



```
Python 3.7.4 Shell
File Edit Shell Debug Options Window Help
Python 3.7.4 (tags/v3.7.4:e09359112e, Jul 8 2019, 19:29:22) [MSC v.1916 32 bit (Intel)] on win32
Type "help", "copyright", "credits" or "license()" for more information.
>>>
===== RESTART: C:\Users\iasus\Desktop\Practical file.py ==
=====
Hello and Good morning everyone

Total lines in file1 are : 3
Total lines in file2 are : 5
>>>|
```

newfile - Notepad
File Edit Format View Help
Hello and Good morning everyone
A function made by the user is used for efficient purposes
Let's start the work with a fresh and positive mind
It helps the user in calculations.
Hope this function helps u in easy and fast and effective calculation
Any typical can be made easy via a function
Thankyou all
It is very easy

P1RA - Notepad
File Edit Format View Help
A function made by the user is used for efficient purposes
It helps the user in calculations.
Any typical can be made easy via a function
Thankyou all
It is very easy

MPFILE - Notepad
File Edit Format View Help
Hello and Good morning everyone
Let's start the work with a fresh and positive mind
Hope this function helps u in easy and fast and effective calculations

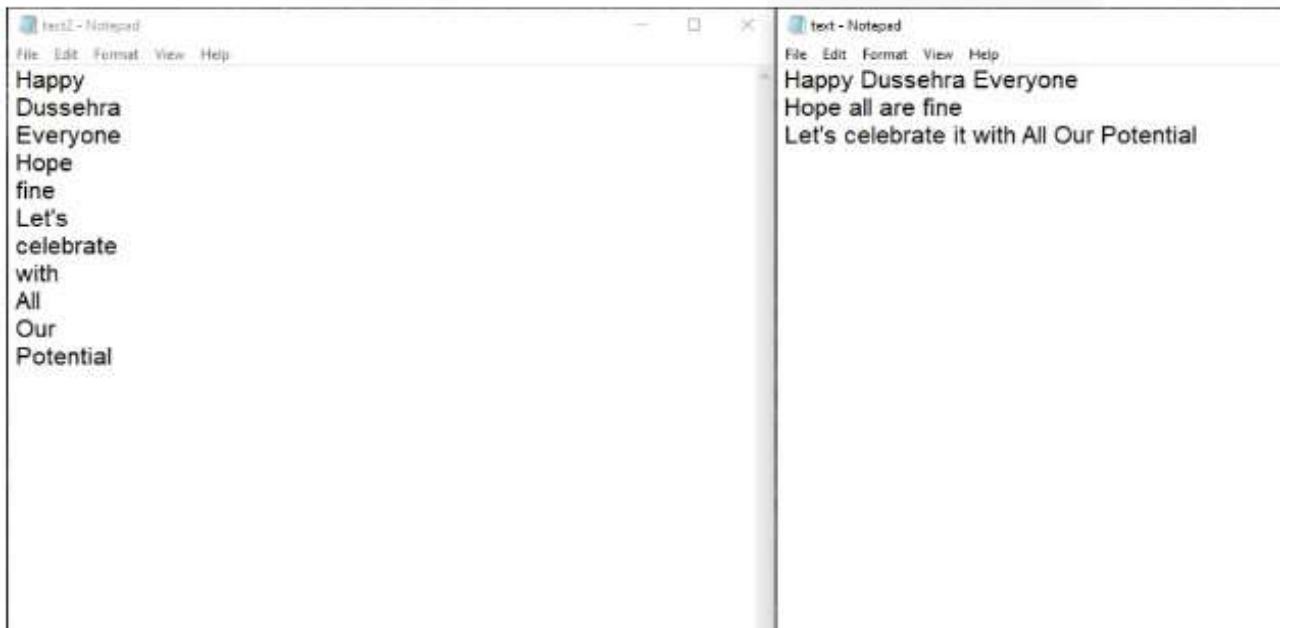
Activate Windows
Go to Settings to activate Windows.

13.TO PRINT THOSE WORDS TO FILE1 WHICH DON'T START WITH 'a,e,i,o,u'

Code:

```
# 13. Program to print those words to file1 which don't start with "A,E,I,O,U"
def temp():
    file=open("text.txt","r")
    file1=open("text1.txt","w")
    a=file.read()
    x=a.split()
    for i in range(0,len(x)):
        if x[i][0].isupper and x[i][0] == "A" or x[i][0] == "E" or x[i][0] == "I" or x[i][0] == "O" or x[i][0] == "U":
            continue
        else:
            file1.write(x[i])
            file1.write("\n")
    file.close()
    file1.close()
temp()
```

OUTPUT:

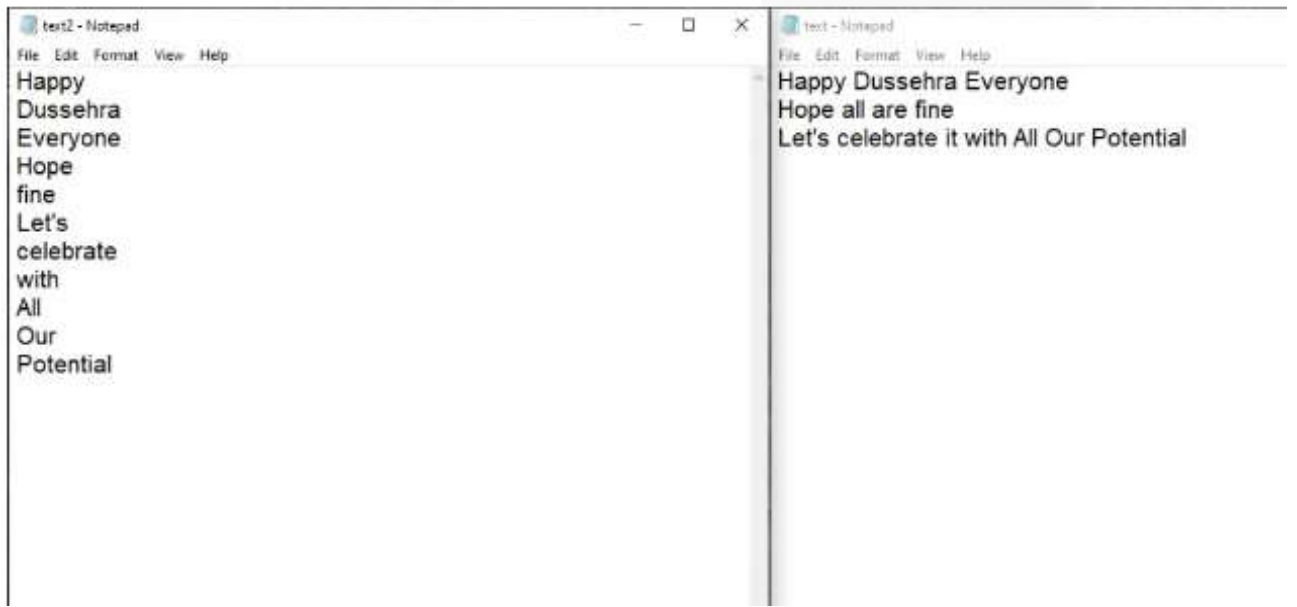


14. TO PRINT THOSE WORDS TO FILE1 WHICH DON'T START WITH 'A,E,I,O,U'

Code:

```
# 14. Program to print those words of file1 which don't start with "a,e,i,o,u"
def temp1():
    file=open("text.txt","r")
    file1=open("text2.txt","w")
    a=file.read()
    x=a.split()
    for i in range(0,len(x)):
        if x[i][0].islower and x[i][0] == "a" or x[i][0] == "e" or x[i][0] == "i" or x[i][0] == "o" or x[i][0] == "u":
            continue
        else:
            file1.write(x[i])
            file1.write("\n")
    file.close()
    file1.close()
temp1()
```

OUTPUT:



15.TO WRITTE A FILE WHICH HAS ALL LOWERCASE LETTERS,EXCEPT THE 1 WORD

Code:

```
1
# 15. Program to write a file which have all lowercase letters , except the 1st word and the word following full stop of file
def para():
    file=open("Report.txt","w")
    file.write("Hello Everyone. this is to inform that the News regarding revised Syllabus has come. Any student can confi")
    file.close()
    file1=open("Friend.txt","w")
    file=open("Report.txt","r")
    x=file.read()
    l=[]
    for i in x:
        l.append(i)
    for j in range(0,(len(l)-1)):
        if l[j]==" ":
            l[j+1]=l[j+1].upper()
        if l[j].islower():
            l[j]=l[j].upper()
    b=str(l)
    file1.write(b)
    file1.close()
    file.close()
para()
```

OUTPUT:

The image shows two Notepad windows side-by-side. The left window, titled 'Friend - Notepad', contains a list of characters: `['H', 'e', 'l', 'l', 'o', ' ', 'E', 'v', 'e', 'r', 'y', 'o', 'n', 'e', ' ', 't', 'h', 'i', 's', ' ', 'i', 's', ' ', 't', 'o', ' ', 'i', 'n', 'f', 'o', 'r', 'm', ' ', 't', 'h', 'e', ' ', 'n', 'e', 'w', 's', ' ', 'r', 'e', 'g', 'a', 'r', 'd', 'i', 'n', 'g', ' ', 't', 'h', 'e', ' ', 'r', 'e', 'v', 'i', 's', 'e', 'd', ' ', 'S', 'y', 'l', 'l', 'a', 'b', 'u', 's', ' ', 'h', 'a', 's', ' ', 'c', 'o', 'm', 'e', ' ', 'A', 'n', 'y', ' ', 's', 't', 'u', 'd', 'e', 'n', 't', ' ', 'c', 'a', 'n', ' ', 'c', 'o', 'n', 'f', 'e', 'r', ' ', 't', 'h', 'e', ' ', 'n', 'e', 'w', 's', ' ', 'a', 't', ' ', 's', 'i', 't', 'e', '']`. The right window, titled 'Report - Notepad', shows the rendered output: `Hello Everyone. this is to inform that the News regarding revised Syllabus has come. Any student can confer the news at site.`

16.TO FIND WORD LENGTH OF FILE

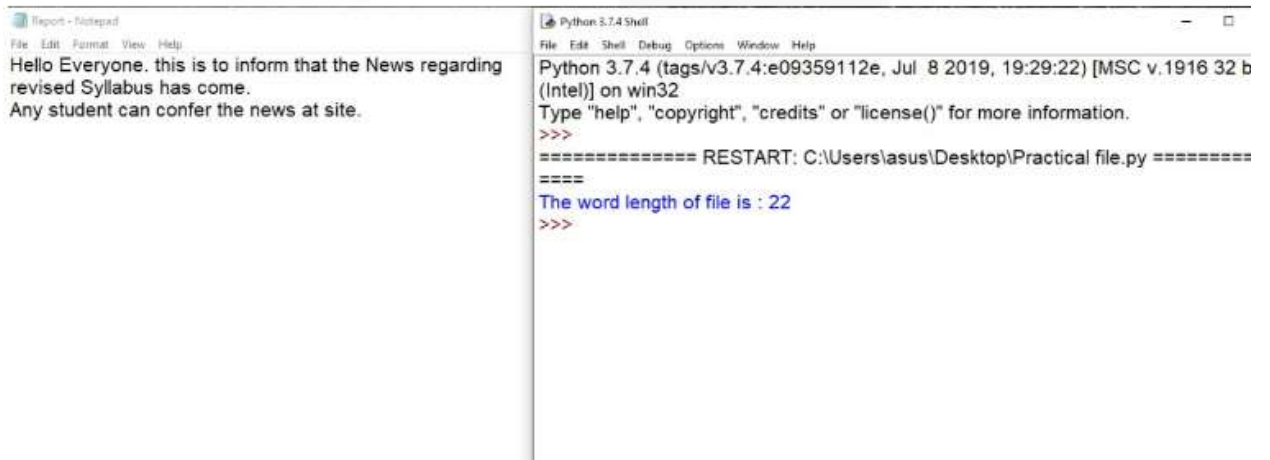
Code

Practical file.py - C:\Users\asus\Desktop\Practical file.py (3.7.4)*

File Edit Format Run Options Window Help

```
# 16. Program to find word length of file
def word_length():
    file=open("Report.txt","r")
    x=file.read()
    a=x.split()
    print("The word length of file is :",len(a))
word_length()
```

OUTPUT:



The image shows two windows side-by-side. The left window is titled 'Tajort - Notepad' and contains the following text:

```
File Edit Format View Help
Hello Everyone. this is to inform that the News regarding
revised Syllabus has come.
Any student can confer the news at site.
```

The right window is titled 'Python 3.7.4 Shell' and shows the output of a Python script:

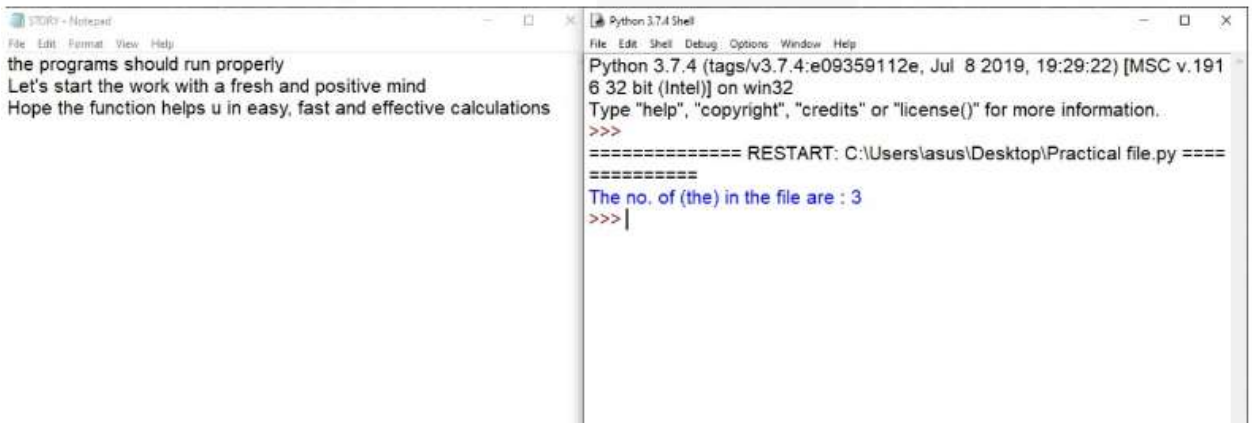
```
File Edit Shell Debug Options Window Help
Python 3.7.4 (tags/v3.7.4:e09359112e, Jul 8 2019, 19:29:22) [MSC v.1916 32 b
(Intel)] on win32
Type "help", "copyright", "credits" or "license()" for more information.
>>>
===== RESTART: C:\Users\iasus\Desktop\Practical file.py =====
====
The word length of file is : 22
>>>
```

17.TO COUNT 'THE' WORD IN A FILE

Code:

```
# 17. Program to count "the" word as independent word
def count_the():
    file=open("Story.txt","w")
    file.write("the programs should run properly")
    file.write("\n")
    file.write("Let's start the work with a fresh and positive mind")
    file.write("\n")
    file.write("Hope the function helps u in easy, fast and effective calculations")
    file=open("Story.txt","r")
    y=file.read()
    count=0
    for i in range(0,len(y)):
        if y[i]=="t" and y[i+1]=="h" and y[i+2]=="e":
            count=count + 1
    print("The no. of (the) in the file are :", count)
    file.close()
count_the()
```

OUTPUT:



The image shows two windows side-by-side. The left window is titled 'STOR3 - Notepad' and contains the following text:

```
the programs should run properly
Let's start the work with a fresh and positive mind
Hope the function helps u in easy, fast and effective calculations
```

The right window is titled 'Python 3.7.4 Shell' and shows the output of a Python script. The output includes a restart message and the result of a function call:

```
Python 3.7.4 (tags/v3.7.4:e09359112e, Jul 8 2019, 19:29:22) [MSC v.191
6 32 bit (Intel)] on win32
Type "help", "copyright", "credits" or "license()" for more information.
>>>
===== RESTART: C:\Users\asus\Desktop\Practical file.py =====
>>> The no. of (the) in the file are : 3
>>> |
```

18.FUNCTION TO CONVERT OCTAL NO. INTO OTHER BASES

Code:

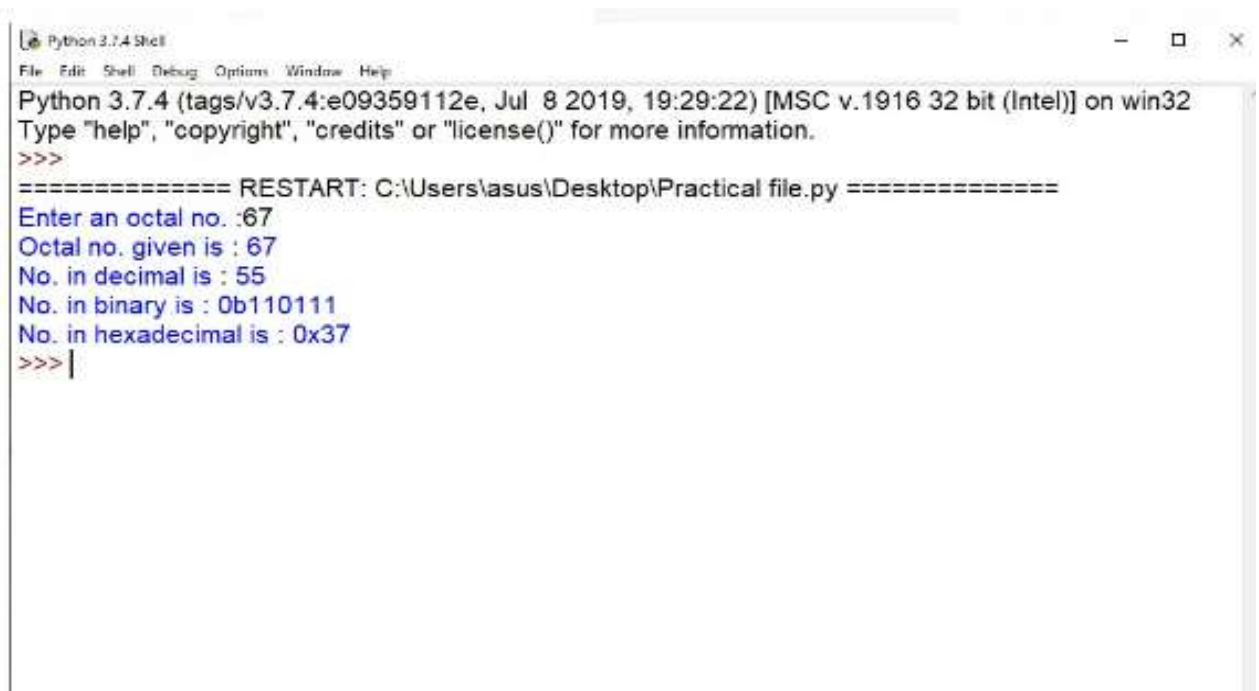
"Practical file.py - C:\Users\asus\Desktop\Practical file.py (3.7.4)"

File Edit Format Run Options Window Help

18. Program to create a function to convert an octal no. to other no. bases :

```
def oct_to_others(n):
    print("Octal no. given is :",n)
    numstr=str(n)
    dec_num=int(numstr,8)
    print("No. in decimal is :",dec_num)
    print("No. in binary is :",bin(dec_num))
    print("No. in hexadecimal is :",hex(dec_num))
num=int(input("Enter an octal no. :"))
oct_to_others(num)
```

OUTPUT:



```
Python 3.7.4 Shell
File Edit Shell Debug Options Window Help
Python 3.7.4 (tags/v3.7.4:e09359112e, Jul 8 2019, 19:29:22) [MSC v.1916 32 bit (Intel)] on win32
Type "help", "copyright", "credits" or "license()" for more information.
>>>
===== RESTART: C:\Users\asus\Desktop\Practical file.py =====
Enter an octal no. :67
Octal no. given is : 67
No. in decimal is : 55
No. in binary is : 0b110111
No. in hexadecimal is : 0x37
>>> |
```


19.TWO GENERATE 1ST 4 TERMS OF AP

Code:

```
*Practical file.py - C:\Users\asus\Desktop\Practical file.py (3.7.4)*
File Edit Format Run Options Window Help

# 19. Program to generate 1st 4 terms of an AP :
def AP(ini,step):
    return ini, ini+step, ini+(2*step), ini+(3*step)

ini=int(input("Enter the initial value of AP series :"))
st=int(input("Enter the step value of AP series :"))
print("AP series with initial value ",ini, "and step value ",st, "goes as :")
t1,t2,t3,t4=AP(ini,st)
print("The AP series upto 4 terms is : " ,t1 , t2 , t3 , t4)
```

OUTPUT:

```
Python 3.7.4 Shell
File Edit Shell Debug Options Window Help
Python 3.7.4 (tags/v3.7.4:e09359112e, Jul 8 2019, 19:29:22) [MSC v.1916 32 bit (Intel)] on win32
Type "help", "copyright", "credits" or "license()" for more information.
>>>
===== RESTART: C:\Users\asus\Desktop\Practical file.py =====
Enter the initial value of AP series :4
Enter the step value of AP series :7
AP series with initial value 4 and step value 7 goes as :
The AP series upto 4 terms is :
4
11
18
25
>>> |
```

20.PROGRAM FOR BINARY SEARCH

Code:

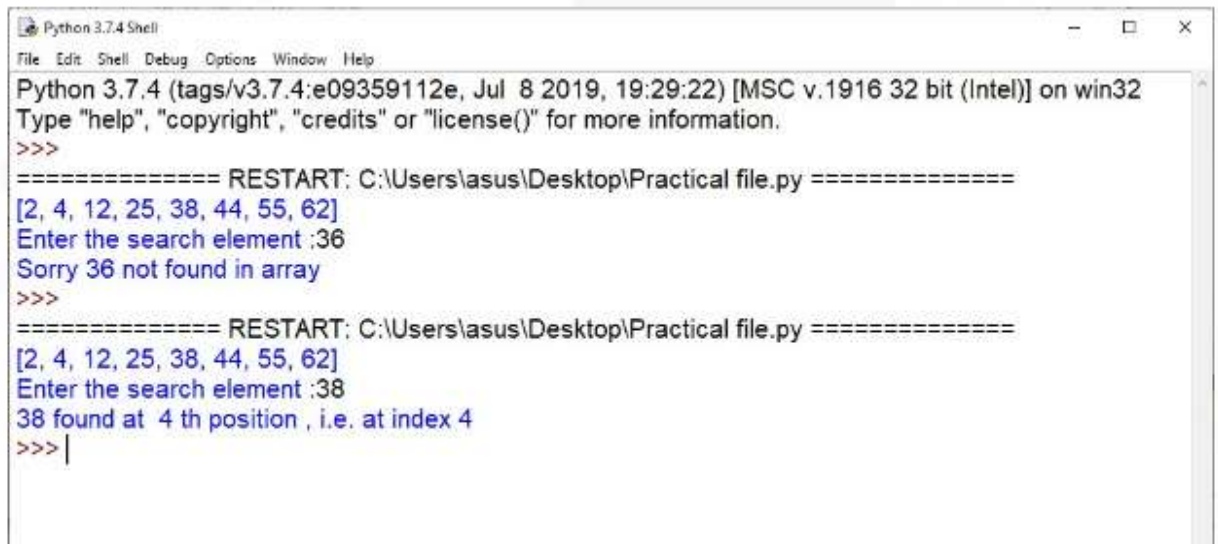
```
Practical file.py - C:\Users\asus\Desktop\Practical file.py (3,7,4)
File Edit Format Run Options Window Help
'''

# 20. Program for Binary search :
def Bin_search(arr, key):
    low=0
    high=len(arr)-1
    while low<=high:
        mid=int((low+high)/2)
        if key==arr[mid]:
            return mid
        elif key<arr[mid]:
            high=mid-1
        else:
            low=mid+1
    else:
        return -999

arr=[2,4,12,25,38,44,55,62]
print(arr)

item=int(input("Enter the search element :"))
result=Bin_search(arr,item)
if result>=0:
    print(item, "found at ",result,"th position , i.e. at index", result)
else:
    print("Sorry", item ,"not found in array")
```

OUTPUT:



```
Python 3.7.4 Shell
File Edit Shell Debug Options Window Help
Python 3.7.4 (tags/v3.7.4:e09359112e, Jul 8 2019, 19:29:22) [MSC v.1916 32 bit (Intel)] on win32
Type "help", "copyright", "credits" or "license()" for more information.
>>>
===== RESTART: C:\Users\asus\Desktop\Practical file.py =====
[2, 4, 12, 25, 38, 44, 55, 62]
Enter the search element :36
Sorry 36 not found in array
>>>
===== RESTART: C:\Users\asus\Desktop\Practical file.py =====
[2, 4, 12, 25, 38, 44, 55, 62]
Enter the search element :38
38 found at 4 th position , i.e. at index 4
>>> |
```